

SHOGUN

1568-1600-1867





PERIODO HEIAN KYO

671 MUERE EL EMPERADOR TENCHI
672 EMPERADOR TEMMU POR GOLPE
REBELDES EMISHI (ESPADAS - RECLU-
TADOS)
ARQUEROS MONTADOS
SE EMPLEA HACIA ELLOS LA PALABRA
SAMURAI (EL QUE SIRVE)
APARECE EL BUGEI (ARTES MARCIALES)
SOKEI MONJES GUERREROS





SIGLO X

CLANES SAMURAI

CASAS GUERRERAS

POSESION DE LA TIERRA



EL CAMINO DEL CABALLO Y EL ARCO



Tachi

Katana

Wakizashi

Aikuchi

- 1: Samurai in foul weather gear, c.1550
- 2: Armour fastenings
- 3a: Two mounts for tachi (sword worn edge down)
- 3b: Katana (sword worn edge up)
- 3c: Wakizashi (the companion sword)
- 3d: Aikuchi
- 4: Waraji (straw sandals)

SAMURAI - RONIN



- 1: Samurai in marching order
- 2a: Cloth rations bag
- 2b: Leather shot pouch
- 2c: Bamboo canteen
- 2d: The contents of a uchikoshi-bukuro
- 3: A section of brigandine armour
- 4: The fitting for a sashimono



SEPPUKU JIGAI

當世益勇傳

高崎佐一郎

常陸の國の浪人として大坂
 生至迎小居より一が幕吏
 の手に取用され流寇山にま
 自終して其名を四方に
 残らん今元三大師の
 傍不碑名を建らしむる

花陽村因員画



誠忠義心傳

芥子重内妻

芥子寺重内秀和八武道名譽のまゝに
 和歌の道あり心をよめて風流を弄ひ
 秀和を多く誂け置け一時其名を
 流しけり妻女ハ京師の人を嫌ひ
 容色あり是又數身の道を好む夫婦
 和樂しく文字を手を交を人々羨けり從來京師の
 師小住ければ尾離散の后町宅して都にあり秀和
 關東へ發足の折ハ亡君の墓参を披露あり力強を伴ひ
 故の調度あるの江州勢田へ還來一人を返せ之妻女の許
 思ひかま多程の山の色別まり時の袖をよもえと
 と書て送りけり其京師より關東へ赴く人ハ
 夫の方ハゆゑとて一首の歌を送る
 紅のまもるゝと返事ある一ハ重内その
 人ハ言傳けり手ハ
 一ハ世の劍を終ふ道とありけり
 斯て後夫秀和嫡子秀留本望を遂聖手切腹すと聞
 本國寺ハ石碑を宮菩提を甲ひ今ハ世ハ思ひ残を更むじと
 墓小詣一首の歌を手向自害して果けり
 現とも思ひぬうちふ妻女之妙多程の花のりあん
 戒名亦心院妙薰日性信女今ハ元京師本國寺ハ墓碑あり
 世ハ武士の妻さるものハ斯ぞあるべき更ありけり

應雷 一筆 芥子誌

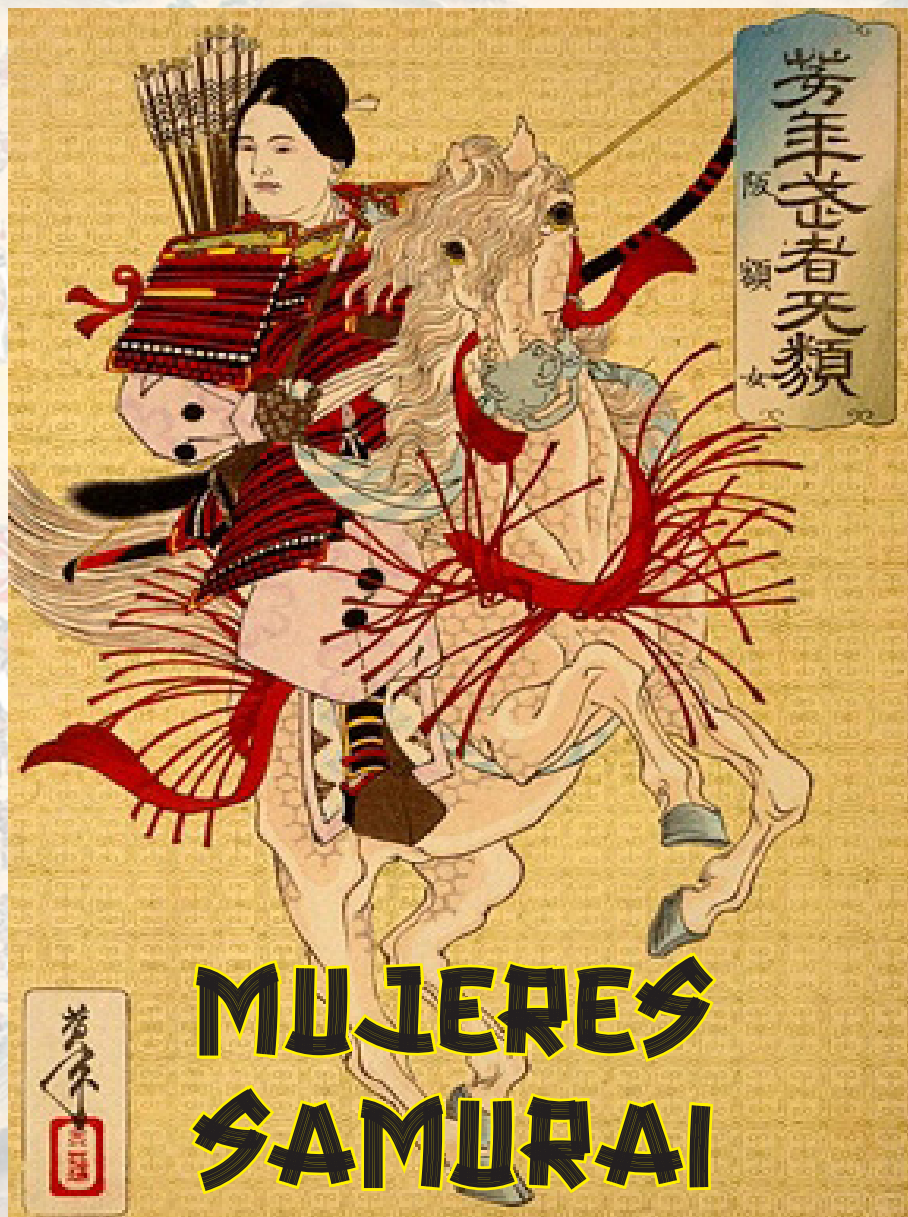
一筆芥子 國子手画





DOSO - MERCADERES

LOTO BLANCO



MUJERES SAMURAI



MONJES GUERREROS



IKKO IKKI

Ikko Ikki Armour Varients



SIGLO XII

EMPERADOR PODER CEREMONIAL Y LEGITIMADOR

SAMURAI DE SIRVIENTES A GOBERNANTES DE FACTO

CLAN MIYAMOTO



CLAN TAIRA

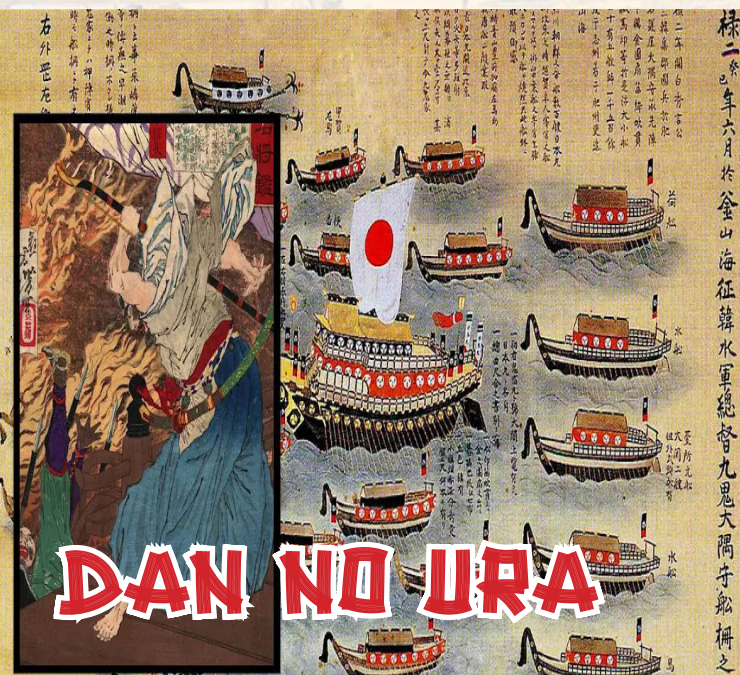


GUERRA GEMPEI 1180 1185

EMPERADOR ANTOKU MUERE AHOGADO

SE PIERDE LA ESPADA SAGRADA

SUICIDIOS MASIVOS DEL CLAN TAIRA



DAN NO URA

SHUGUNATO KAMAKURA

1192 PRIMER SHOGUN MINAMOTO YORITOMO

SE ESTABLECE EL BAFUKU

1199 HOJO MASAKO, LA MONJA SHOGUN, REGENTE

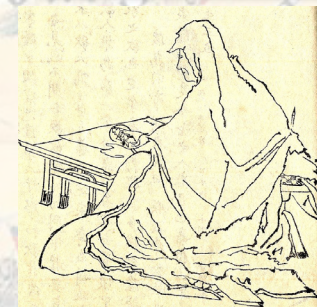
1202 MINAMOTO YORIE

1219 ASESINADO POR SU ABUELO HOJO TOKIMASA -
REGENTE

1274 FIN DE LA INVASION MONGOL

1318 LEVANTAMIENTO DEL EMPERADOR GO-DAIGO

1333 CAE EL SHOGUNATO KAMAKURA





1136 - 1392 GUERRA ENTRE LAS CORTES

1136 ASHIKAGA TAKAUJI - 2DO SCOGUNATO

1467-1477 GUERRA ONIN - LIBRADA SOBRE KYOTO

ATOMIZACION DEL PODER

CAIDA DE FAMILIAS TRADICIONALES

NUEVOS CLANES DE OPORTUNISTAS DE BAJA CLASE

LOS CONDESTABLES PROVINCIALES REEMPLAZADOS

POR DAIMYOS

MUCHO GEKOKUJO

1467-1568 GUERRA SENGOKU





Key Daimyō of the Warring States Map (c. 1560)

KAWANAKAJIMA



Uesugi Kenshin

Takeda Shingen

Asakura Yoshikage

Azai Nagamasa

Mōri Motonari

Kyoto

Kamakura

Hōjō Ujiyasu

Imagawa Yoshimoto

Oda Nobunaga

Chōsokabe Motochika

SHIKOKU

Ōtomo Sōrin

KYŪSHŪ

Tanegashima

HONSHŪ



**TAKEDA
SHINGEN**

**UESUGI
KENSHIN**

KAWANAJIMA

1553
1555
1557
1561
1564



BATALLA DE OKENAZAMA 1560



ODA NOBUNAGA

IMAGAWA SHOSIMOTO



COMANDO MILITAR UNIFICADO ESPECIALIZACION DE UNIDADES

EMPLO EN MASA DE ARMAS DE FUEGO
EJERCITOS MAS GRANDES
CONQUISTA MILITAR Y POLITICA



Oda Nobunaga



Toyotomi Hideyoshi



Ieyasu Tokugawa



ODA NOBUNAGA



- 1568 ENTRA EN KYOTO
- EMPERADOR LEGITIMANTE OGIMACHU
- SHOGUN TITERE ASHIKAGA YOSHIAKI - REBELDE - EXILADO
- 1573 ATAQUE MONTE HIEI - FIN DE SOKEI E IKKO IKKI
- 1575 NAGASHINO
- 1582 AKECHI MITSUHIDE (BUDISTA) TRAIADOR, EL SHOGUN DE LOS 13 DIAS ODA NOBUNAGA COMETE SEPULU TOYOTOMI HIDEOSHI TOMA VENGANZA



CASTILLO AZUCHI



1573 NAGASHINO





1

2

3

The barricades at Nagashino, 1575
1: The *teppō taishō* (commander of the musketeers)
2: The Oda arquebusiers
3: Arquebusier support crew



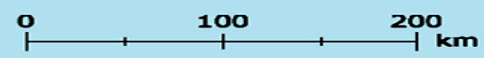
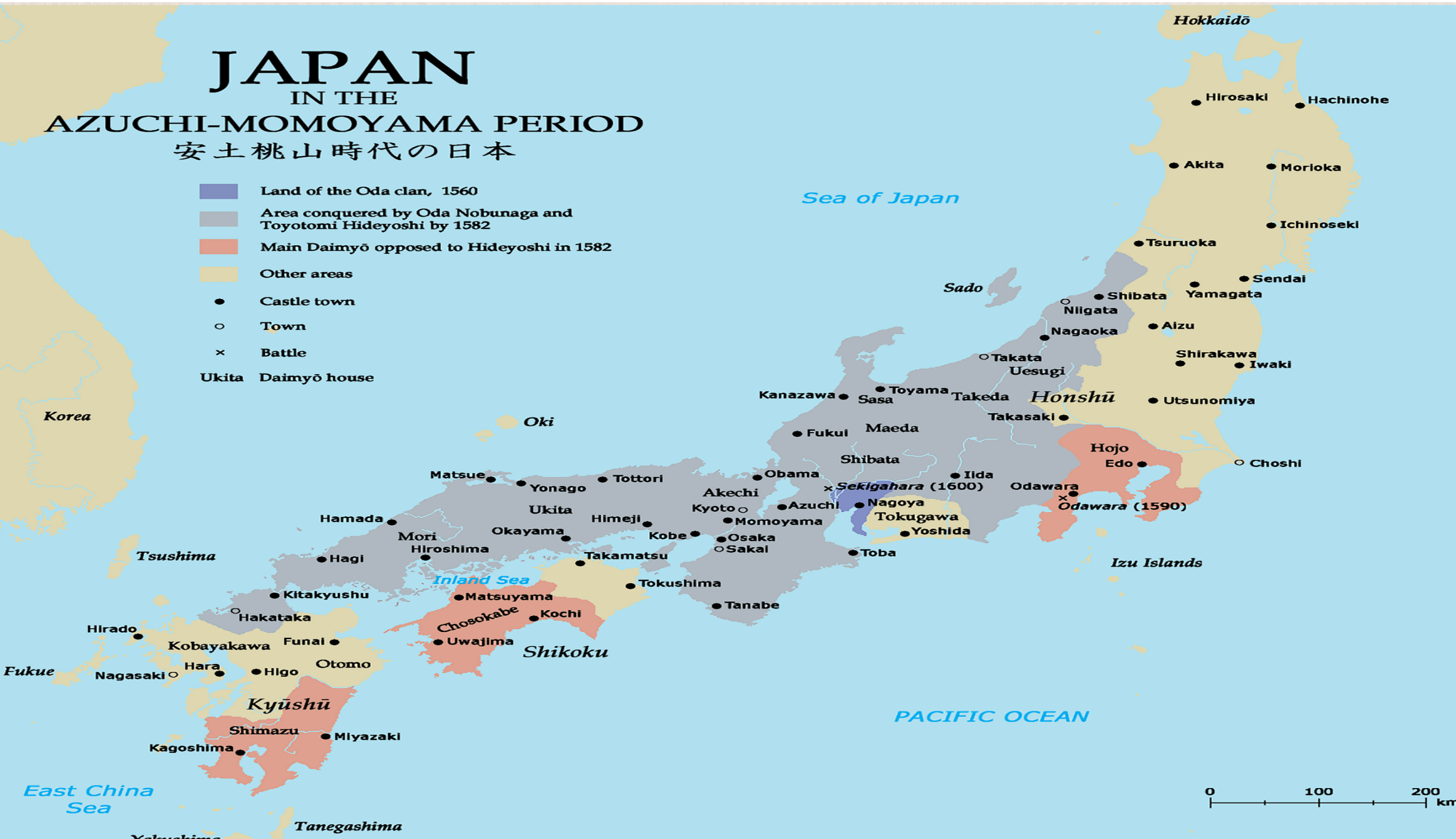
Arms, M.C. Bride '91



JAPAN

IN THE
AZUCHI-MOMOYAMA PERIOD
安土桃山時代の日本

- Land of the Oda clan, 1560
- Area conquered by Oda Nobunaga and Toyotomi Hideyoshi by 1582
- Main Daimyō opposed to Hideyoshi in 1582
- Other areas
- Castle town
- Town
- × Battle
- Ukita Daimyō house





TOYOTOMI HIDEOSHI

- 1587 CACERIA DE ESPADAS
- PERSECUCION DE CRISTIANOS
- 1590 DERRROTA DE ISO HOJO EDO
- 1591 EDICTO DE SEPARACION
- PRIMERA INVASION DE COREA
- 1592 SEGUNDA INVASION DE COREA
- 1598 MUERE DEJANDO UN HEREDERO HIDEYORI Y UN CONSEJO DE REGENCIA



TOKUGAWA IYASU

- **REGENTE Y TUTOR DE HIDEYORI**
- **1599 OCUPA OSAKA - RUPTURA DEL CONSEJO**



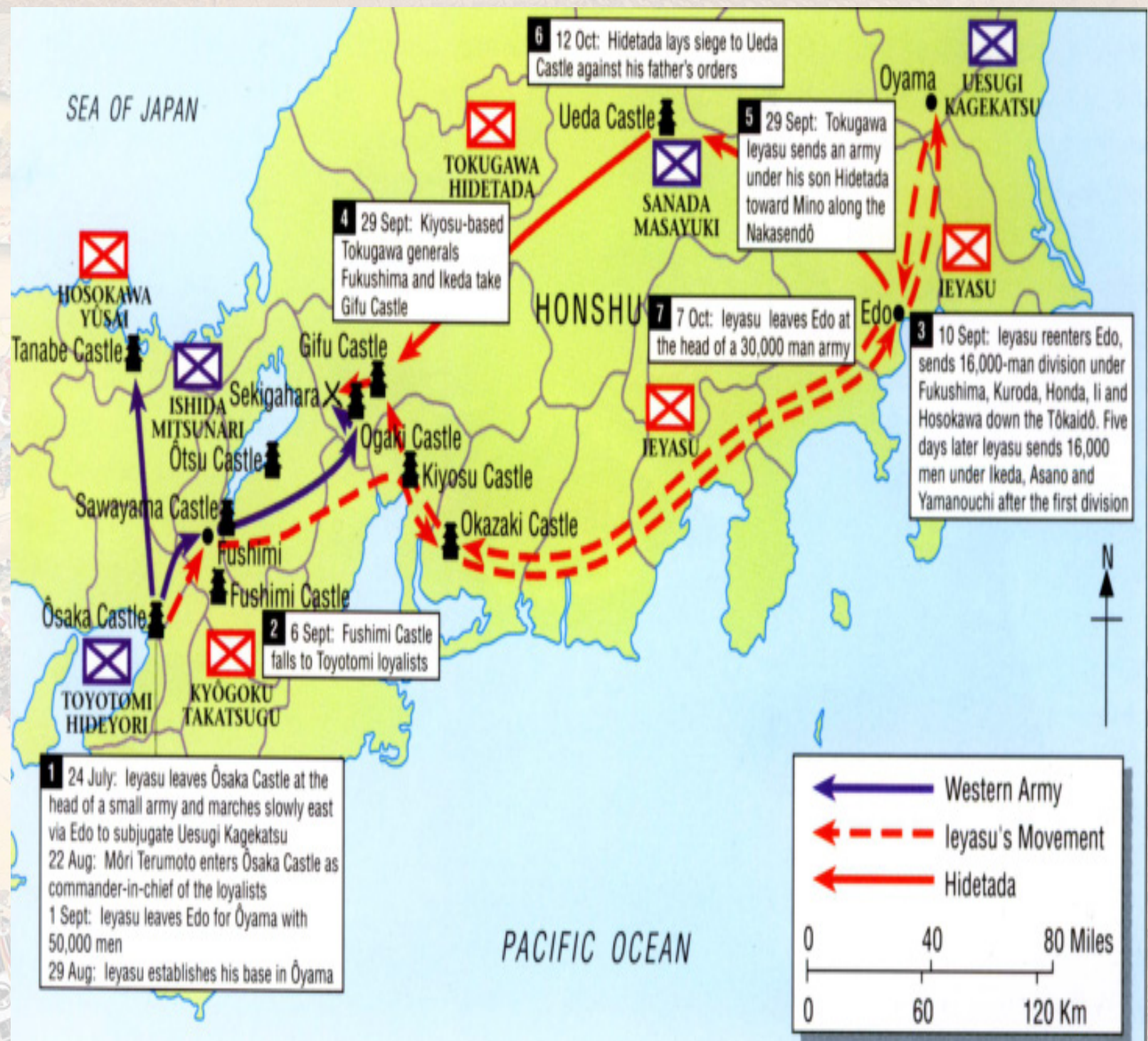
**SEKIGAHARA
1600**



ISHIDA MITSUNARI

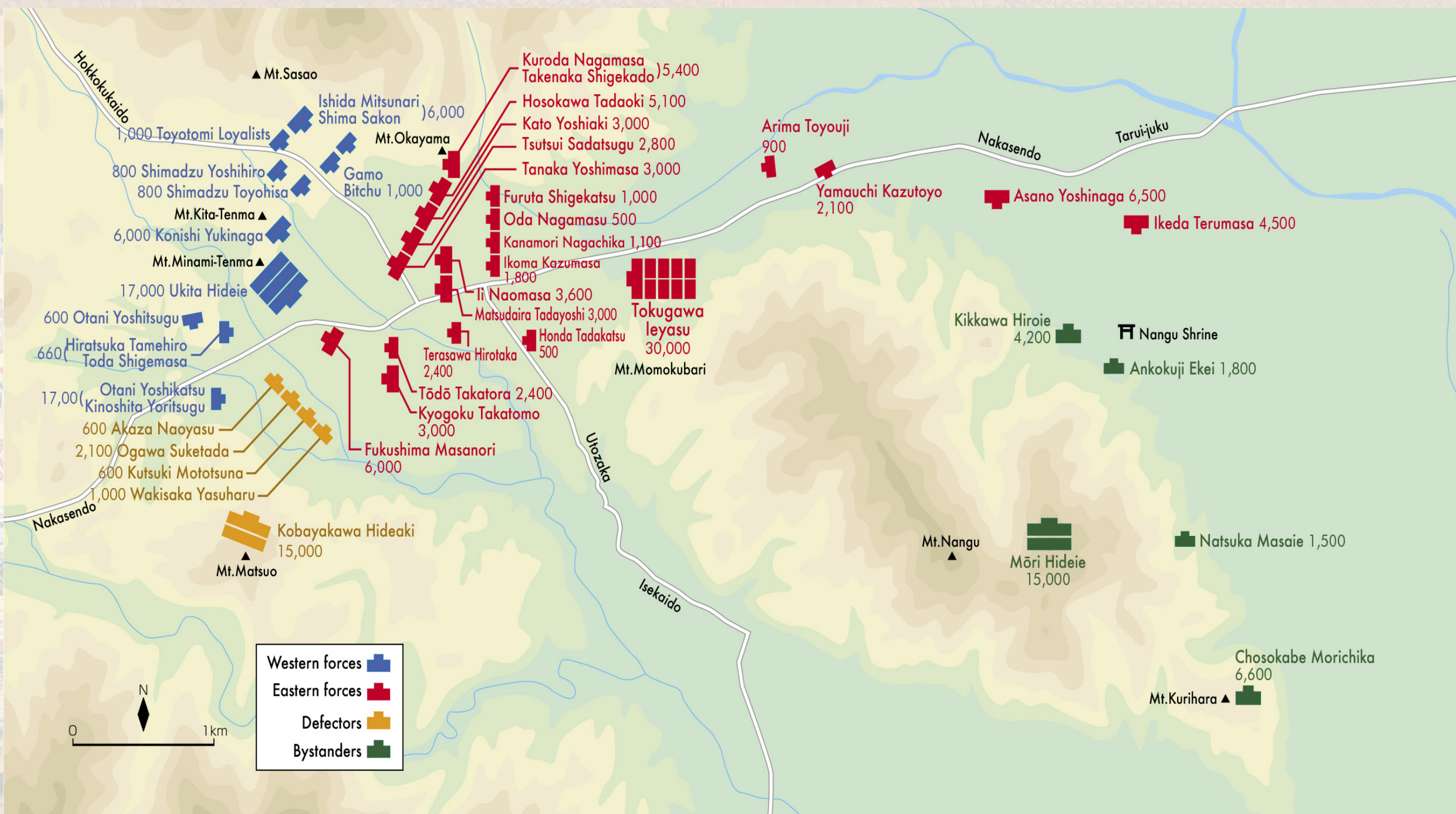


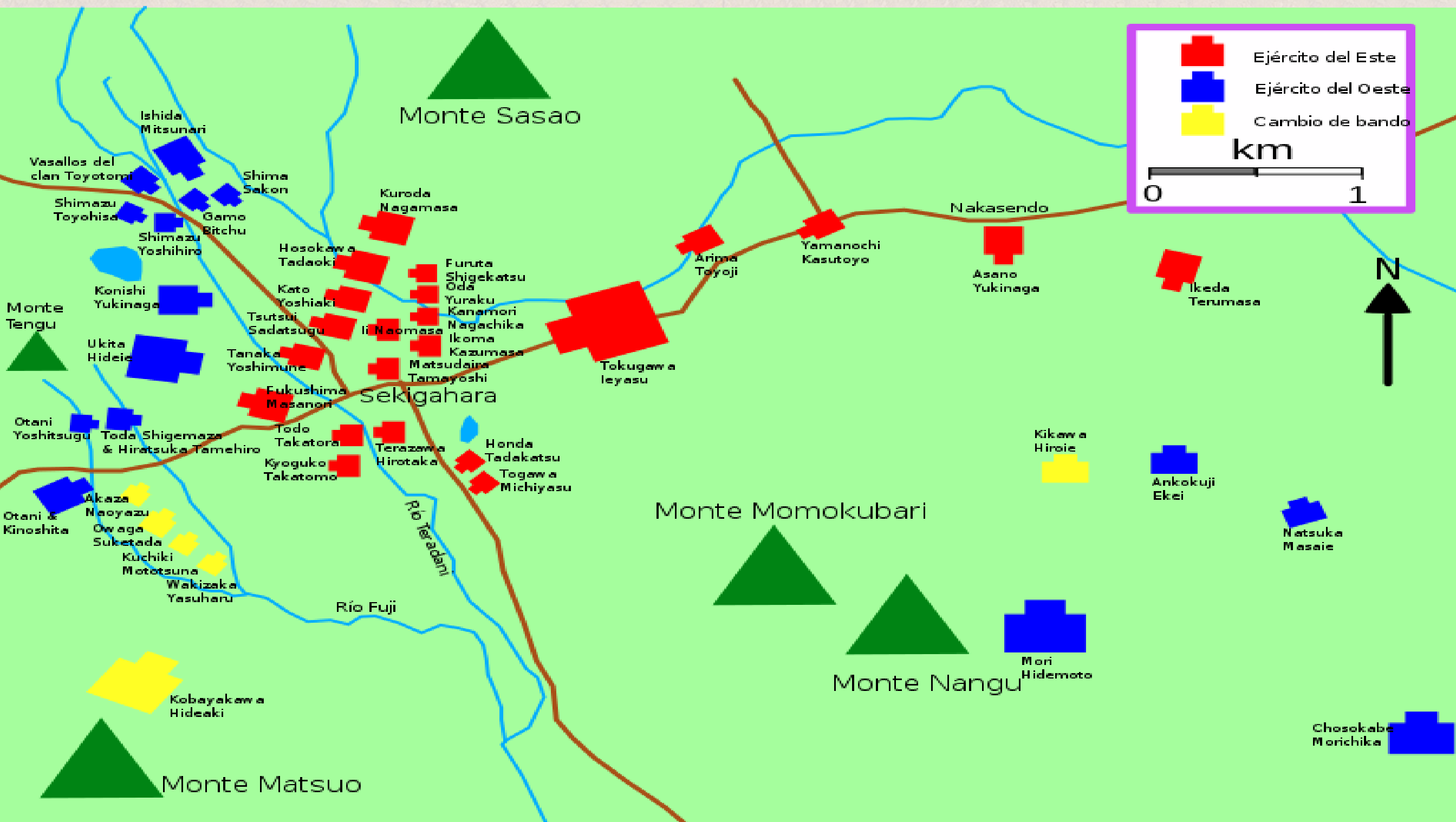
William Adams

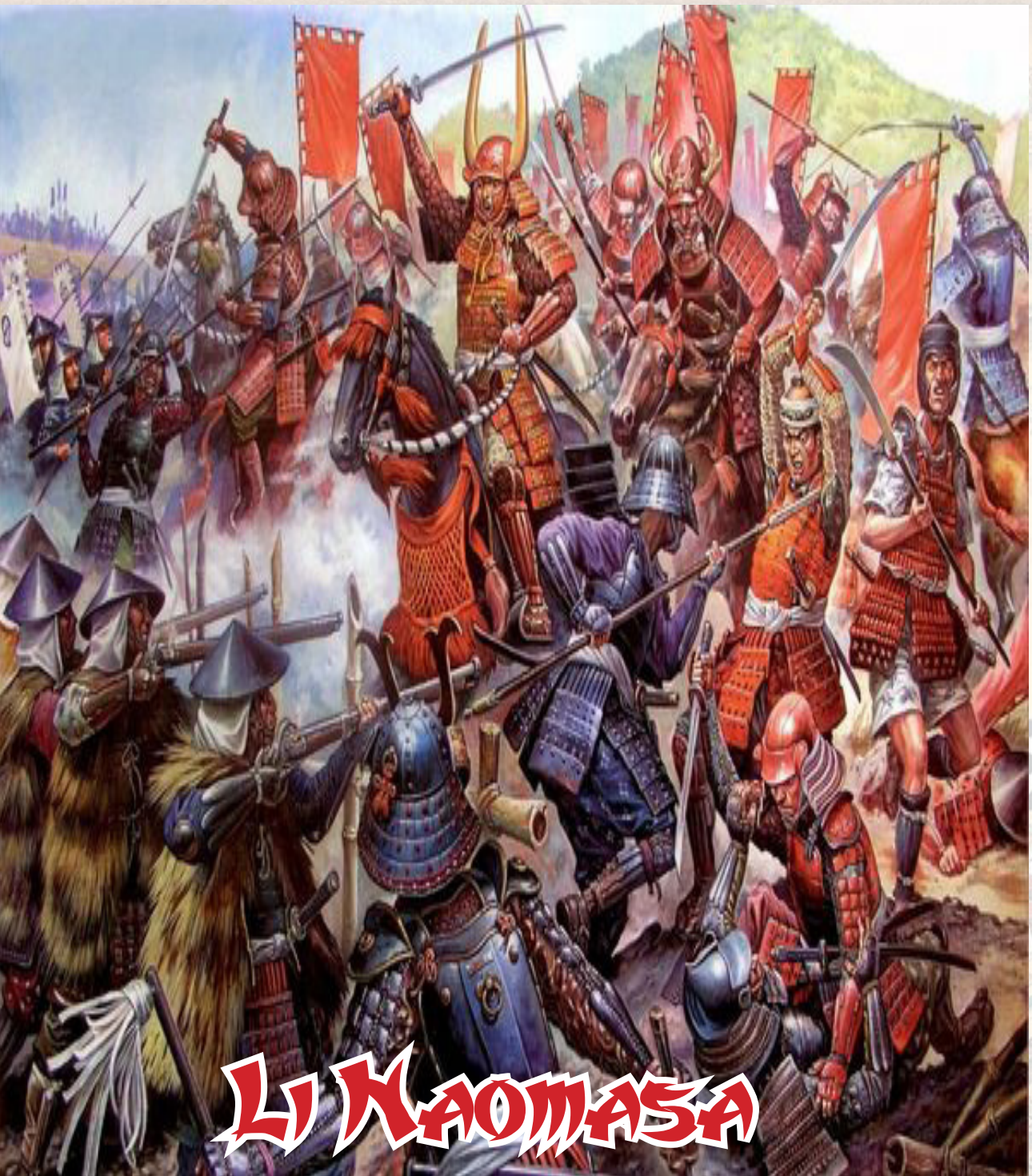
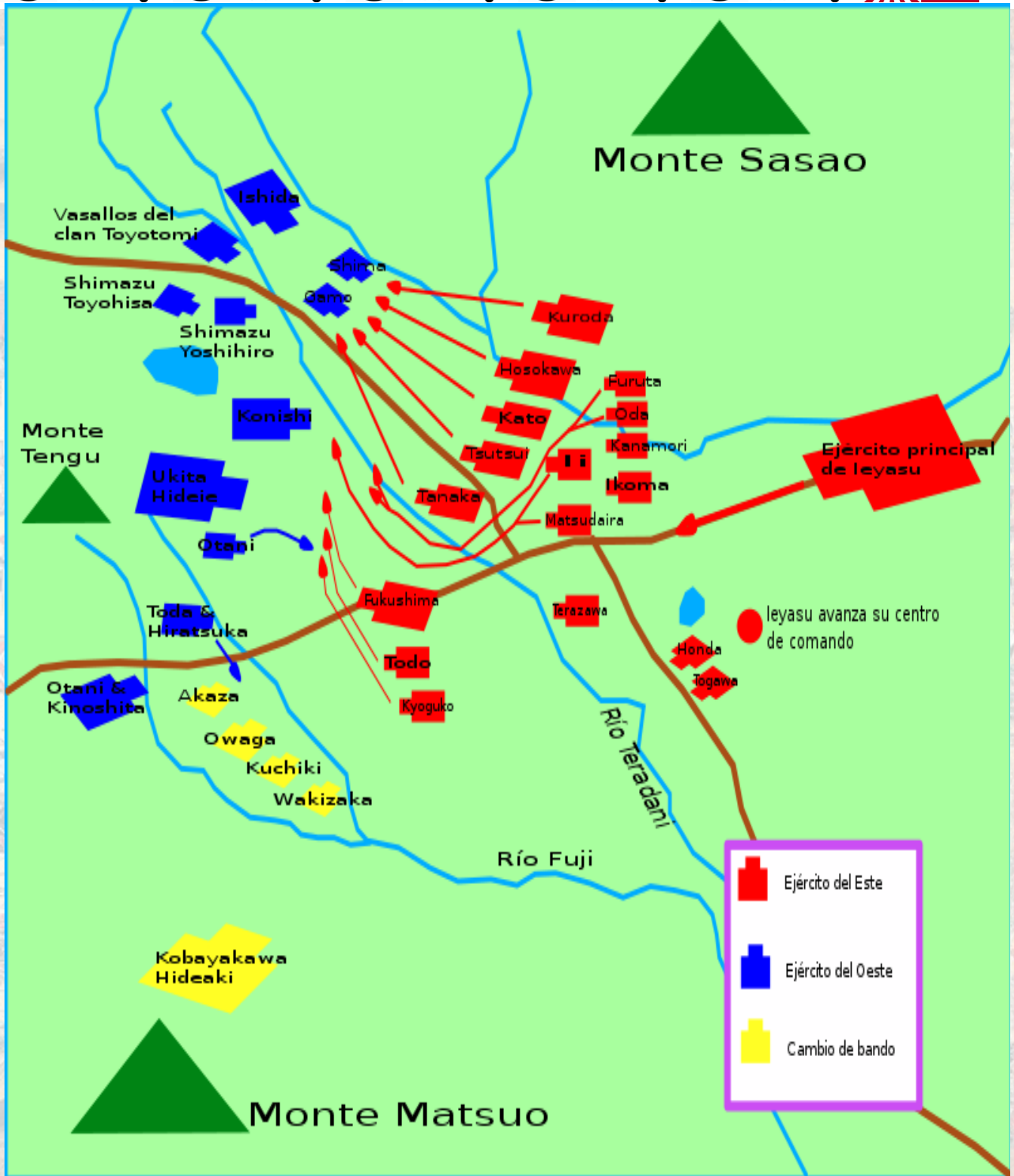




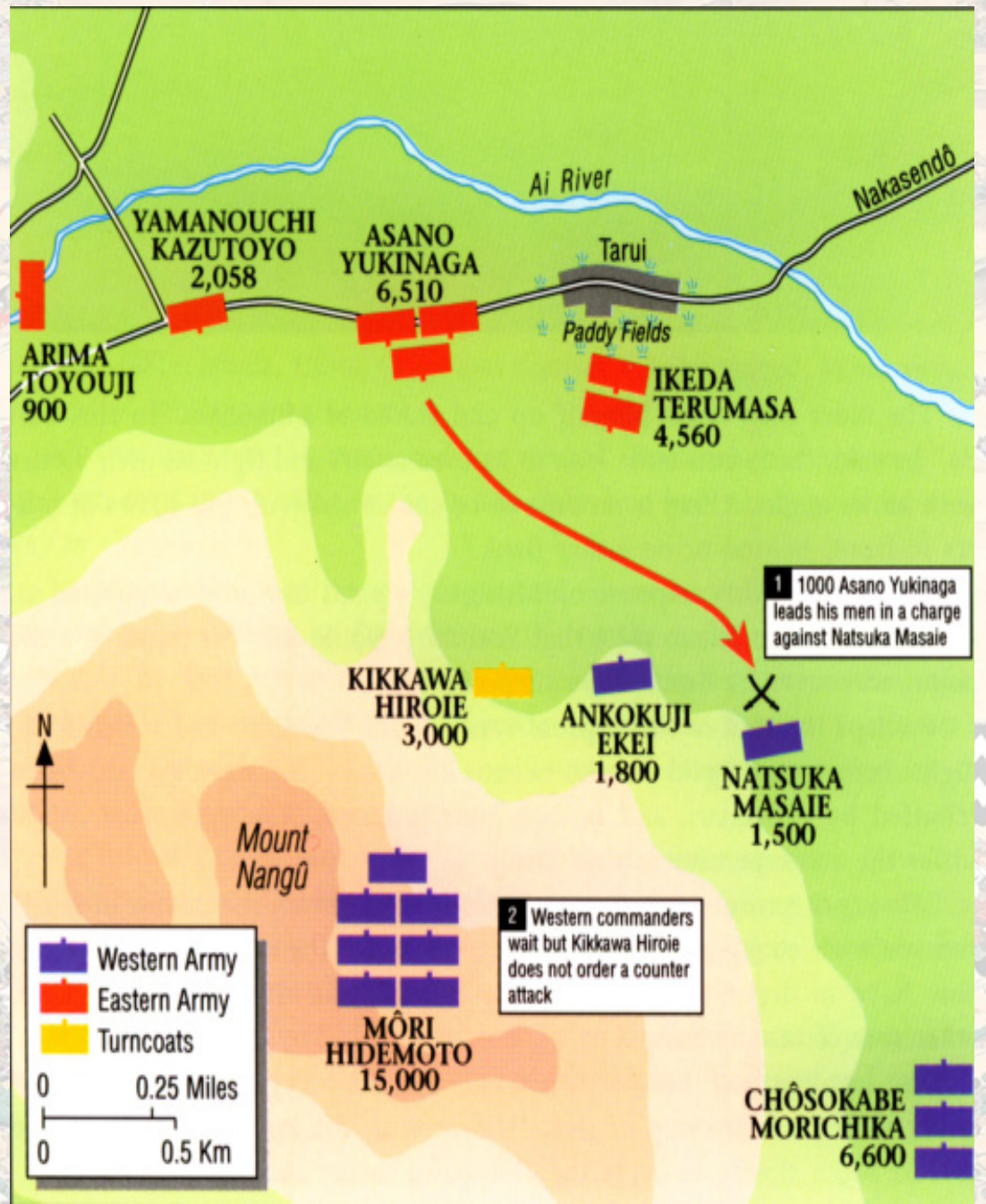
TORI MOTOTADA

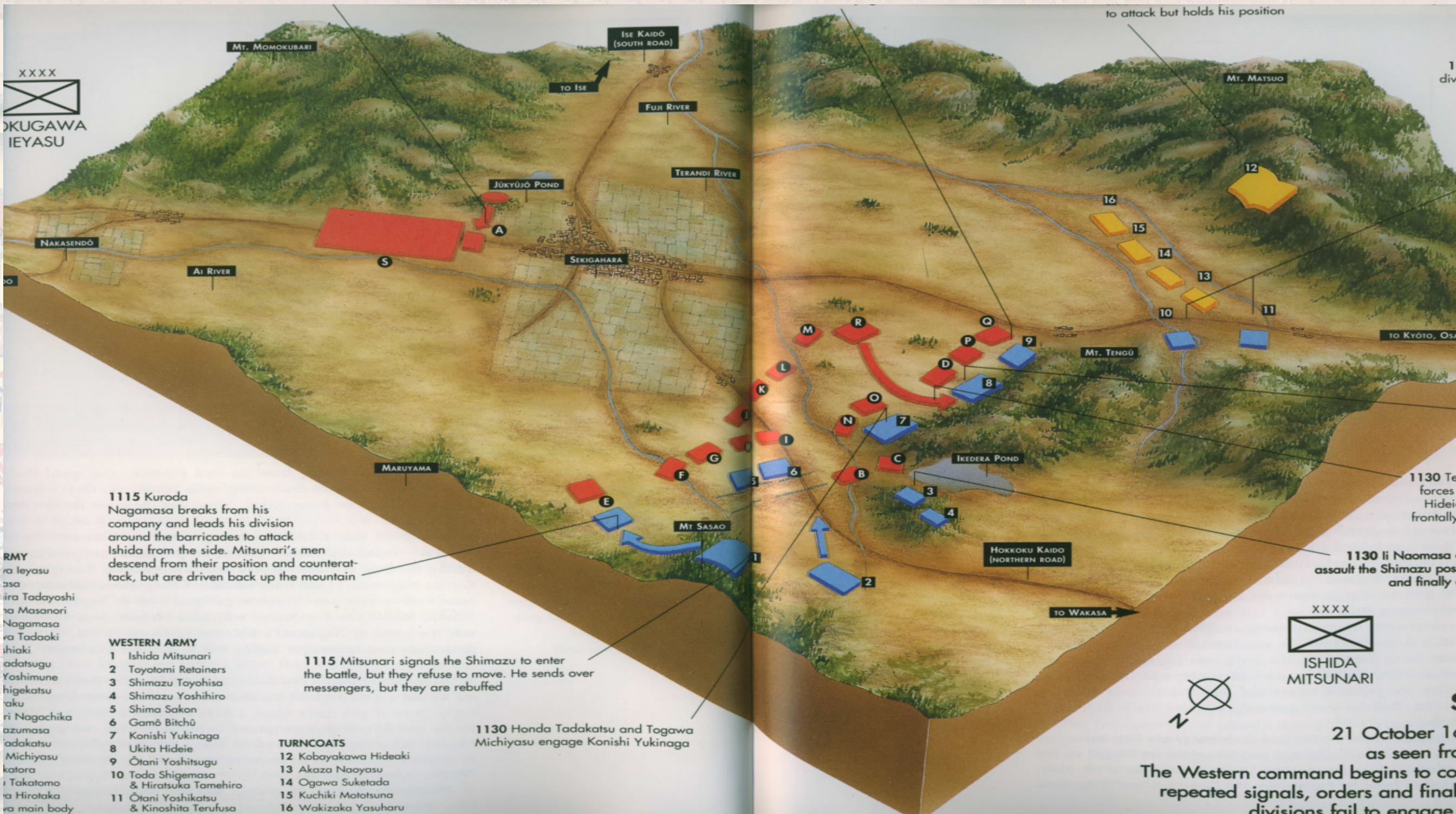






LI NAOMASA





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 TOKUGAWA
 IEYASU

1115 Kuroda Nagamasa breaks from his company and leads his division around the barricades to attack Ishida from the side. Mitsunari's men descend from their position and counterattack, but are driven back up the mountain

1115 Mitsunari signals the Shimazu to enter the battle, but they refuse to move. He sends over messengers, but they are rebuffed

1130 Honda Tadakatsu and Togawa Michiyasu engage Konishi Yukinaga

to attack but holds his position

1130 Tei forces Hidei frontally

1130 li Naomasa assault the Shimazu position and finally

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 ISHIDA
 MITSUNARI

- WESTERN ARMY**
- 1 Ishida Mitsunari
 - 2 Toyotomi Retainers
 - 3 Shimazu Toyohisa
 - 4 Shimazu Yoshihiro
 - 5 Shima Sakon
 - 6 Gamō Bitchū
 - 7 Konishi Yukinaga
 - 8 Ukita Hideie
 - 9 Ōtani Yoshitsugu
 - 10 Toda Shigemasa & Hiratsuka Tamehiro
 - 11 Ōtani Yoshikatsu & Kinoshita Terufusa

- TURNCOATS**
- 12 Kobayakawa Hideaki
 - 13 Akaza Naoyasu
 - 14 Ogawa Suketada
 - 15 Kuchiki Mototsuna
 - 16 Wakizaka Yasuharu

21 October 1600
 as seen from
 The Western command begins to receive repeated signals, orders and final
 divisions fail to engage



circle around the south of Mount Nangū, and contact the rearguard of the Mōri and his troops there; the first news from the battle their allies hear will be of the loyalist defeat

The detecting samurai receive support from Eastern samurai coming up on the Ōtani position
 Toda Shigemasa and Hiratsuka Tamehiro, destroying the remaining loyalist forces. Yoshitsugu is killed in a charge forward, falling on his sword.



1230 Gamō Bitchū and Shima Sakon's units are crushed and give way, melting back into the Ishida forces

1400 With his commanders in retreat and his own command in danger of being overrun, Ishida accepts defeat and escapes into the mountains

1330 Konishi, sorely beset, is crushed by Hideaki's advance. Seeing no hope, he flees into the mountains

1330 The Shimazu, sorely pressed, are unable to hold their own. They are retreating when spearheading the assault on them, is struck by a volley and abandons the field. In another hour, they will finally retreat south and around Mounts Momokubari and Tengu

- WESTERN ARMY**
- 1 Ishida Mitsunari
 - 2 Toyotomi Retainers
 - 3 Shimazu Toyohisa
 - 4 Shimazu Yoshihiro
 - 5 Shima Sakon (destroyed)
 - 6 Gamō Bitchū (destroyed)
 - 7 Konishi Yukinaga
 - 8 Ukita Hideie
 - 9 Ōtani Yoshitsugu
 - 10 Toda Shigemasa & Hiratsuka Tamehiro

- TURNCOATS**
- 12 Kobayakawa Hideaki
 - 13 Akaza Naoyasu
 - 14 Ogawa Suketada
 - 15 Kobayakawa Takemasa

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 ISHIDA
 MITSUNARI

SEKIGAHARA
 21 October 1600, 12:00
 as seen from the
 Treason in the Western ranks spells doom for the loyalists. Those Western commanders not slain are finally forced to retreat



KOBAYAKAWA HIDEAKI

KIKKAWA HIROIE

WAKISAKA YASU HARU

KUTSUKI MOTOTSUNA

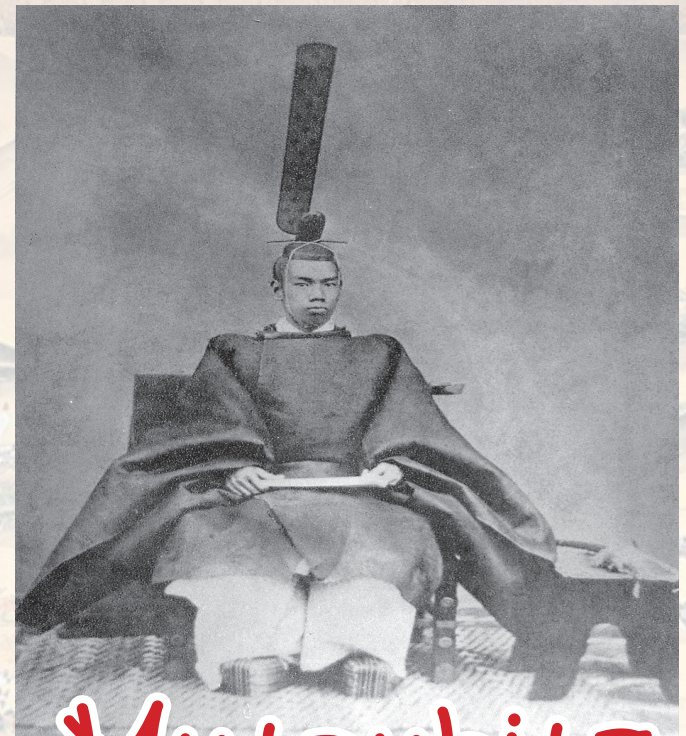
AKAZA NAOYASU

OGAWA SUKETADA





1603 SHOGUN (MINAMOTO)
1605 Cede el Shogunato a Tokugawa Hidetada
1613 Kuge Shohatto
1614 Expulsion de Cristianos
1615 Levantamiento de Toyotomi Hideyori - Castillo Osaka
1616 Muere a los 73
1867 Tokugawa Yoshinobu
Abolicion del SHOGUNATO



Mutsuhito

